## SOLUTIONS TO THE COVARIANCE REVIEW

## Conceptual Review.

(a) For every *n* random variables  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  we have:

$$\operatorname{Var}(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \operatorname{Var}(X_i) + 2 \sum_{1 \le i < j \le n} \operatorname{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$$

(b) If (X, Y) is a standard bivariate normal with correlation  $\rho$ , then if we define:

$$Z:=\frac{Y-\rho X}{\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}$$

then as Cov(Z, X) = 0, the random variables Z and X are independent, and furthermore as  $\mathbb{E}[Z] = 0$  and Var(Z) = 1, then Z is also a standard normal random variable. Hence we have the following equalities in distribution:

$$(Y|X = x) \stackrel{d}{=} (\rho X + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} Z | X = x)$$
$$\stackrel{d}{=} (\rho x + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} Z | X = x)$$
$$\stackrel{d}{=} (\rho x + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} Z)$$
$$\stackrel{d}{=} \mathcal{N}(\rho x, 1 - \rho^2)$$

By symmetry we then also have:

$$(X|Y=y) \stackrel{d}{=} (\rho y, 1-\rho^2)$$

**Problem 1.** The arrival times of a Poisson process of rate  $\lambda$  can be written as :

$$T_r = \sum_{k=1}^r X_k$$

where  $X_k$  is the waiting time between the (k-1)-th arrival and the k-th arrival. The random variables  $X_1, \ldots, X_k$  are i.i.d. with distribution  $\text{Exp}(\lambda)$ . Hence:

$$Cov(T_1, T_3) = Cov(X_1, X_1 + X_2 + X_3) = Var(X_1)$$

On the other hand, by using part (a) of the conceptual review we get:

$$Var(T_3) = Var(X_1 + X_2 + X_3) = 3Var(X_1)$$

Hence:

$$\operatorname{Corr}(T_1, T_3) = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(T_1, T_3)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(T_1)\operatorname{Var}(T_3)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Problem 2. Similarly as the first problem we can write :

$$W_r = \sum_{k=1}^r X_k$$

where the  $X_k$ 's are the number of tosses between the (k-1)-th Head and the k-th Head. They are all i.i.d's with common distribution Geom(p). Now:

$$\operatorname{Cov}(W_1, W_r) = \operatorname{Cov}(X_1, X_1 + \dots + X_r) = \operatorname{Var}(X_1)$$

and:

$$\operatorname{Var}(W_r) = \operatorname{Var}(\sum_{k=1}^r X_k) = r\operatorname{Var}(X_1)$$

Hence:

$$\operatorname{Corr}(W_1, W_r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

**Problem 3.** Let us first find the pdf of  $\max(X, Y)$  we have for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ :

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{P}[\max(X,Y) \in dx] &= \mathbb{P}[X \in dx, Y < x] + \mathbb{P}[Y \in dx, X < x] \\ &= 2\mathbb{P}[X \in dx, Y < x] \\ &= 2\mathbb{P}[X \in dx]\mathbb{P}[Y < x|X = x] \\ &= 2\mathbb{P}[X \in dx]\mathbb{P}[\rho x + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2}Z < x] \\ &= 2\phi(x)dx\mathbb{P}[Z < \frac{(1 - \rho)}{\sqrt{1 - \rho^2}}x] \\ &= 2\phi(x)dx\mathbb{P}[Z < \sqrt{\frac{(1 - \rho)}{1 + \rho}x]} \\ &= 2\phi(x)dx\mathbb{P}[Z < \sqrt{\frac{(1 - \rho)}{1 + \rho}x]} \\ \\ \mathbb{P}[\max(X,Y) \in dx] = 2\phi(x)\Phi\left(\sqrt{\frac{1 - \rho}{1 + \rho}x}\right)dx \end{split}$$

where  $\phi(x) := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(\frac{-x^2}{2}\right)$ , and  $\Phi(x) := \int_{-\infty}^x \phi(t) dt$ . Now let us compute its expectation:

$$\mathbb{E}[\max(X,Y)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2x\phi(x)\Phi\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}}x\right)dx$$
$$= -2\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u'(x)v(x)dx = [u(x)v(x)]_{-\infty}^{\infty} + 2\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(x)v'(x)dx$$

for  $u(x) = \phi(x)$ ,  $v(x) = \Phi\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}}x\right)$ , by integration by parts. Hence:

$$\mathbb{E}[\max(X,Y)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2\phi(x) \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}} \phi\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}}x\right) dx$$
$$= 2\sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\{-\frac{x^2}{2}(1+\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho})\} dx$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}} \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\{-\frac{x^2}{2} \times \frac{2}{1+\rho}\} dx$$

Now, let  $y = x\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\rho}}$ , by change of variables inside the integral we get finally:  $\frac{|\nabla I_{1+\rho}|}{|\nabla I_{1+\rho}|} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\{-\frac{y^2}{2}\} dy$ 

$$\mathbb{E}[\max(X,Y)] = \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sqrt{1+\rho}}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\{-\frac{y^2}{2}\} dy$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{1+\rho}} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sqrt{1+\rho}}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{2\pi}$$
$$\mathbb{E}[\max(X,Y)] = \sqrt{\frac{1-\rho}{\pi}}$$